Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10.74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR **NATIONAL PARK SERVICE**

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

LISTED ON:				
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	VLR	06/21/1977		
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23186

Virginia

INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS NAME HISTORIC Germanna . AND/OR COMMON Germanna LOCATION STREET & NUMBER 8 miles northwest of the intersection of Rte. 3 and 603 X NOTFOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CITY, TOWN Flat Run 7, J. Kenneth Robinson VICINITY OF STATE Orange Virginia. CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY OWNERSHIP -....AGRICULTURE __bistrict. PUBLIC __OCCUPIED X PRIVATE __BUILDING(S) _UNOCCUPIED __EDUCATIONAL __STRUCTURE X_WORK IN PROGRESS X_SITE ACCESSIBLE ENTERTAINMENT ERELIGIOUS PUBLIC ACQUISITION __IN PROCESS X_YES: RESTRICTED __GOVERNMENT ::_INDUSTRIAL __TRANSPORTATION __BEING CONSIDERED __YES: UNRESTRICTED _OTHER: __NO OWNER OF PROPERTY Mr. Ray Glazebrook STREET & NUMBER 1809 William Street 22401 Frederickburg VICINITY OF LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION Orange County Courthouse REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. STREET & NUMBER CITY, TOWN 22960 Orange, REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission File 68-43,44,45 DATE 1969 _FEDERAL X_STATE __COUNTY __LOCAL DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS

Virginia Research Center for Archaeology College of William amd Mary

Williamsburg,

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

__DETERIORATED

__UNALTERED

CORIGINAL SITE

__FAIR

__RUINS

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Iocated 21 miles west of Fredericksburg on Rte 3 in Orange County lies the site of historic Germanna. John Fontaine, when he visited Germanna on November 21, 1715, described the German settlement as situated on a hilltop on the south side of the Rapidan River. "We walked about the town which is pallisaded with stakes stuck in the ground, and laid close the one to the other, of substance to bear out a musket shot. There is but nine families and they have nine houses built in a line, and before every house about 20 feet from the house they have small sheds built for their hogs and hens, so that the hog stys and houses make a street. This place that is paled in is a pentagon, very regularly laid out, and in the very center there is a block house made with five sides which answers to the five sides of pales or great enclosure. There is a loop through it, from which you may see all the inside of the inclosure. This was intended for retreat for the people in case they were not able to defend the pallisadoes if attacked by the Indians."

In 1732 William Byrd II offers a further description of Germanna in his Progress To the Mines when he discusses his visit to Col. Spotswood. "This famous town consists of Col. Spotswood's enchanted castle on one side of the street and a bakers dozen of ruinous tenements on the other, where so many German families had dwelt some year ago....There had also been a chapel about a bowshot from the Colonel's house at the end of an avenue of cherry trees, but some pious people had lately burnt it down, with the intent to get another built neraer to theor own homes."

Surviving maps identify Germanna as being located on the south side of the Rapidan River. Recent archaeological test excavations by the Virginia Research Center for Archaeology have uncovered a brick foundation approximately 90 feet in length and extending to a depth of six feet below modern grade; at this lower depth a brick tiled floor was encountered. Brick foundations of two outbuildings were also located. These remains are part of a substantial eighteenth-century plantation complex believed to have belonged to Governor Alexander Spotswood. Excavations suggest that the Spotswood mansion burned during the mid-eighteenth century and was subsequently backfilled. (Photo #1).

1. Journal of John Fontaine 1710-1719, ed. by E.P. Alexander (CWI, UVa, Press, Char, 1922

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW					
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	X_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION		
1400-1499	X.ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE		
<u>1500-1599 \\ \</u>	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE		
1600-1699	X ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	X_MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN		
x 1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER		
x 1800-1899	COMMERCE	X.EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION		
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)		
		INVENTION		,		

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The substantial eighteenth-century plantation complex located at Germanna, believed to have been the home of Colonial Governor Alexander Spotswood, is thought to
be one of the most significant archaeological finds in Virginia. Having been burned
in the mid-eighteenth century and subsequently backfilled, the cellar is a time
capsule capable of providing considerable insight into the material culture of an
eighteenth-century Royal Governor. Spotswood apparently attempted to recreate the
elegance and sophistication of the tidewater plantation system in a rustic, remote
environment when he constructed his home ca. 1724.

William Byrd, when he visited Spotswood in September 1732, called the mansion "an enchanted castle." In his writings, Byrd described the opulently furnished house and elaborately terraced garden. Spotswood, himself, in an October 26, 1732 ad in The Virginia Gazette, refers to his household furnishings as choice. The November 26, 1741 inventory of Alexander Spotswood's personal effects at Germanna, subsequent to his death in June 1740, lists an array of household equipment well worthy of furnishing an enchanted castle. The Virignia Research Center for Archaeology's spreliminary archaeological investigations at the mansion site have revealed a quantity of extremely fine Chinese procelain, reaffirming Byrd's description and relating to the inventory. A room of Spotswood's served for a time as the Spotsylvania County Courthouse.

According to Byrd's 1732 writings, across the road from the enchanted castle were the remains of "a baker's dozen of ruinous tenements...where so many German families had dwelt some years ago but are now removed." This Statement refers to a settlement established in 1714 by Governor Spotswood, when he placed twelve German families on that site, where he built them a fort which was, according to Spotswood, "a good Barrier for all that part of the Country." The German workers were put to work in Spotswood's nearby iron mines and their settlement became known as Germanna.

When John Fontaine visited Fort Germanna on November 21, 1715, he wrote in his Journal that "the Germans" live very miserably," along with their livestock, within a pentagonal palisade. It was at this time that the Knights of the Golden Horseshoe embarked from Germanna on their transmontane journey. A few years later these settlers left Spotswood tract in order to patent property themselves. Subsequent German migrations, in 1717 and again in 1719, ended similarly with the families departing as soon as they considered their legal obligation to Spotswood fulfilled.

The early eighteenth-century archaeological sites at Germanna offer an unique opportunity to study two dissimilar, but nearly contemporaneous, cultural components responding independently to a similar environment. As well, the Germanna area holds nineteenth-century significance as a portion of the land was involved

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Germanna, Orange County, Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET #

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1

SIGNIFICALCE

in the May 1864 Civil War Wilderness Campaigns. Located nearby are the sites of the Germanna mills and ferry.

MWM

^{1.} Progress to the Mines, in the year 1732, William Byrd, II, printed in A History of Grange County by W.W. Scott (Richmond, 1907) Everett Waddey Co.

^{2.} The Official Letters of Alexander Spotswood, Vol. II, Virginia Historical Society, Richmond, 1882

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFER	ENCES
	n the year 1732," in A Journey to the Land
	8.
Calendar of State Papers, Volume I.	
Dodson, Leonidas, Alexander Spotswood, Gov	ernor of Colonial Virginia, 1710-1722,
Finitadelphia: University of Pennsylvania	Press, 1932 (See continuation sheet # 2)
IOGEOGRAPHICAL DATA	
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 120 Acres	
UTM REFERENCES	
A 1 8 2 5,7 4,7,0 4,2 5,1 8 2,0	B 1,8 2 5,7 4,4,0 4,2 5,0 8,8,0
ZONE EASTING NORTHING	B 1 1 8 2 5 7 4 4 10 4 2 5 0 8 8 0 2 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
C 118 25,67,0,0 4,25,12,7,0	D[1,8] [2 5,7 1,8,0] [4,2 5,2 0,4,0]
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	
Bordered on the west by the Rapida east, just west of an unsurfaced road k	an River, on the south by Rte.3, on the and on the north by a small ravine.
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in a street fortiles work of a big on a fine	
the first factor of the first of the state o	the control of the co
	The state of the s
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES	OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE CODE	COUNTY CODE
STATE	COUNTY
II FORM PREPARED BY	
NAME / TITLE	
Ms. Martha W. McCartney and Mr. David H	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ORGANIZATION	DATE 253-4836
Virginia Research Center for Archaeolog	TELEPHONE
Wren Kitchen	described as stated of the state
CITY OR TOWN	STATE
College of William and Mary, Williamsbu	rg, Virginia 23186
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION	
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THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THI	
NATIONAL STATE_	LOCAL
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the Natio	anal Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665)
hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Regi	
criteria and procedules set 14th by the National Park Service.	
A. Sie Ist	$\frac{\partial \mathcal{H}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{H}}{\partial x} + \partial $
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF ICENSIONS RE	CAN THE RESERVE TO THE PARTY OF
TITLE Tucker Hill, Executive Director Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission	DATE JUN 2 1 1977
OR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN T	
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	HE NATIONAL REGISTER
	HE NATIONAL REGISTER DATE
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESI	DATE
	DATE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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Fontaine, John, The Journal of John Fontaine, 1710-1719, ed. by E.P. Alexander Charlottesville: Univeristy of Virginia Press, 1972.

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Homann, John Baptiste, "Virginie, Marylandia et Carolina, 1714", 1714.

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The Virginia Gazette.

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The William and Mary Quarterly Series I and II.

The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography.

Wood, John, "Culpeper County," 1821.

Germann

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Jumanna Mang County, Va

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During test excavations conducted at the site traditionally throught to be the location of Spotwood's Enchanted Castle, the remains of an appropriately dated substantial plantation complex was encountered. This location is depicted on the maps of John Baptiste Homann, 1714, John Wood, 1821, John Henry, 1770, James Madison, 1807 and Jefferson-Brook, 1736. The sophisticated lifestyle reflected by the inventory Spotswood is also reflected in the artifacts recovered during the test excavation. An example is a quantity of Chinese porcelain mentioned in the inventory, and as well found during testing.

Germanna

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Germanna, anange County, la

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Please note that according to the primary resources cited in Item 7 of the nomination form, the German village was extant on November 21, 1715 when John Fontaine visited the site and was vacant and falling into ruin by 1732 when William Byrd II visited Governor Spotswood at his Germanna home. We did not indicate the location of the mines and smelting area, as they were many miles down river.

Germania

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Jermanna, Change County, In

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We have not included an overall photograph because die to the angle of overgrowth at the site, a photograph was not really informative. Enclosed is a sketch map depicting the components receiving archaeological survey. The 120 acres nominated were intended to include the German village, (please note in Item 7 the quotation from William Byrd, II states that the village is across from Spotswood's Mansion), as well as the Germanna Mills, Ferry, and Bridge, which were the scene of considerable Civil War activity. The mills, ferry, and bridge are shown on some maps and cited in the smendment to Item 7 and as well are depicted on a map in the Official Atlas of the Civil War. You will find enclosed a site plan resulting from our test excavations at Germanna.

